SEMI-WEEKLY. **ISSUED TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS** 

WALTER G SMITH, EDITOR.

TUESDAY : : : NOVEMBER 20, 1900.

#### THE ELECTORAL RESULT.

majority ever given an American candidate for President, shows that sobriety and common sense still rule the pubalso settles several important ques-

(I). The principle is vindicated that the American dollar must be maintained on a parity with one hundred cents. We do not believe that any party will, so long as there is enough gold in the country for business purposes, again attack the present basis of American currency. The money issue has been, for this generation at least, effectually

(II). The majority for McKinley, the great protectionist, gives a long lease to the present tariff policy. Democratic platform-makers will hereafter fight shy of any reference to a subject which brings up the alluring vision of Republican prosperity.

(III). The American people have decided that expansion must have a fair trial. They knew that we did not go out of our way to seek distant territory and that we took what we got at the bidding of destiny. Try as Bryan might he could not make the people associate the growth of the national domain with treachery to any principle of loyalty or thrift nor the work of planting our institutions in distant seas with any spirit of departure from the genius of the organic law or from the customs of our forefathers.

The only unsettled issue is that of trusts and this the Republican party is now in a better position to deal with than ever before. We look for a renewal of the attempt made in the present Congress and defeated by the Deniocrats, to deal with oppressive combinations of capital through a Constitutional amendment.

The fact which gives the people the most encouragement is that the country is going to have four years more of settled financial and commercial conditions-four years more of the full dinner pail. That means much to every man, weman and child in the Union and as much to the people of Hawaii as to those of any part of our common

### THE BOOK CONTRACTS.

In his effort to get another five year contract for the Book Trust, Mr. Gunn has shown a finesse worthy of a better cause. We must congratulate him on his handsome dinners to gentlemen to whom he looks for a renewal of his einch and to all the other signs of his fitness for commercial diplomacy. At the same time we feel in duty bound to demur at his plan to tie the education of Hawaiian youth to sets of text books which are no better in many ways, not a good in some and worse in others than sets which are offered at the same or a lower price by competing pub-

We know of cases where teachers have asked for books which their classes required but which the Trust refused to let them have because of the imprint, sending instead some worthless substitute bearing its own trademark A case where a Hawaiian history was invaded with a chapter of mendacious political narrative has already been told of in these columns. Under the contract now terminating the Book Trust is able to dictate, practically speaking, the education of our youth; and it has acted in the matter not with the view of keeping the youth abreast of the best thinking and the most competent research, but to coin money for itself. These are facts which cannot be obscured by the smoke of perfectos rising at a Book Trust banquet.

What the taxpayers want is the purchase of text books in the open market, getting the best no matter by whom published and always keeping in view the mental and moral needs of the school-going youth. For this purpose blanket contracts are not necessary. We are aware of the plea that a renewal of the Book Trust agreement might save a little money but as this saving would in the long run be a charge against the quality of public instruction, no judicious man can recommend it. There are some savings that are dearer than extravagance and among these the saving proposed by the Book Trust stands out in bold relief.

Hawall extends congratulations to Congressman Mondell of Wyoming, his many friends here being delighted with the news of his re-election. Mondell has been a consistent friend of

China. The indemnity in blood and treasure is excessive, for after all China did the powers no great amount of harm and her capacity to pay is now eircumscribed by the loss of the Manchurian revenues.

The New York police are clearing unthe Rice case. They have learned that the tablets of bichloride of mercury were purchased by vact Jones at the drug store of Charles H Whitney on Madison avenue. These tablets are being held.

#### W. O. SMITH ON LEPROSY.

The communication from 1 c .. W. O the point that Hawall does not a ment to be made the dumping ground for the lepers of the United States. Mr. Smith has had more practical experience in the segregation and care of lepers than any other man living. He brings out the fact that it would not only be unjust to Hawnii, but most cruel to lepers brought from abroad. The Melokal cettlement is not a hospital: it is a village, in which the lepers live, in their own reparate cottages, doing their own cooking in the primitive and simple The election of McKinley by what Hawaiian way. Many lepers become may turn out to be the largest popular helpiess. These are cared for by friends who are allowed to go there for that purpose. Native Hawalians have no fear of the disease and some frend is usually found to do this helpful work. He opinion of the United States. It Strangers would have no such ald and would greatly suffer.

There is no good reason for permaently inflicting Hawall with the lepers or other diseased cit zons of the United States, and Hawali most earnestly protests against its being done.

The Eastern Democrats propose to un the party hereafter but the Westrn men are not likely to consent without a trial of tomahawks. Interest in prize fighting will hardly outlast the prospects of a Kilkenny row between the Bryanites and Clevelandites, the rounds of which promise to rapidly succeed each other for four years to

The lonesomest man in the House will be Bob Wilcox unless he has common sense enough to go into the Republican caucus and flock with the party in power.

Leprosy may be exterminated in these Islands if the United States does not make them a dumping ground for its own victims of the plague. Otherwise the disease may be always with

## PUMP DESTROYED BY A CLOUDBURST

Much Damage Done at Kaunakakai by the Kona Storm Last Week.

The Kona storm worked havoc at Kaunakakai. The American Sugar Company's plantations are situated there, and they felt the force of the storm greatly.

In many instances vegetation on na tive kuleanas was entirely destroyed being covered over with a layer of arth washed from the mountains to a depth of two or three feet.

On Wednesday and Thursday last, arge areas of land were laid waste and auch valuable property was ruined.

A cloud burst, rushing down the rulch of Kaunakakal, struck the oumping plant of the American Sugar ompany located directly in the path f the onrushing water, and it is said lestroyed the pit of masonry containng a pump of 5,000,000 callons capa-

oury now cover the pumping machinry. Many of the buildings of the planation have been undermined by the buildburst, which, starting some 2000 cet up the mountain descended with errific force and carried everything efore it.

The force of waters cut a trench ten eet deep through a portion of the roperty. Telephone lines are down, allread tracks washed away and much exteen hours six inches of rain fell. company's wharf received

siderable damage from the rough sea. The exact extent of the damage on the plantation is not yet known.

# NEWS OF LEUNG CHI-TSO.

Working for His People.

Leung-Chi-tso, the young Chinese Reformer and leader, who resided in Honolulu several months is reported to be in Tokio. He is in constant communication with Dr. Sun Yat Sen, also China. Leung-Chi-tso is said to have the latter place he was to have had be included in the demands, onsultations with other leaders to deise ways and means to procure suffiand his army of reformer insurrection-

Wui of Honolulu, who left two or three de, writes from Longkong of affairs ing with taung Chi-tse. He states control of one or more of the Yangtse provinces by which he hopes to ultiwhen the Imperial Government again he captured to the Imperial troops. Lam Sai is working in Hongkong for

## Stevens Was Here.

Hawaii and his knowledge of our land laws and conditions were of especial value to us, during the debate on the Territorial bill he being recognized as one of the leading authorities in the House on everything pertaining to United States land laws.

The demands of the Ministers at Pecking, if correctly reported, seem likely to arouse a spirit of resistance all over Durham Stevens, counselor of the Japa;

Bill That China Must Settle.

Another German Expedition Going North-- Drastic Policy of M n sters Causes Some Alarm.

LONDON, Nov. 12 .- Dr. Morrison, wiring to the Times from Peking Sun-

day, says: "Pressed by the common desire for a speedy termination of present conditions, the foreign envoys have finally agreed to the following terms, to be presented in a joint note which, subject to the approval of the governments. will be pressed upon China as the basis

of a preliminary treaty: "China shall erect a monument to Baron von Ketteler on the site where he was murdered and send an imperial Prince to Germany to convey an apology. She shall inflict the death penalty upon eleven princes and officials already named and suspend provincial examinations for five years where the outrages occurred. In future all officials failing to prevent anti-foreign outrages within their jurisdiction shall be dismissed and punished. (This is a modification of Mr. Conger's proposal).

"Indemnity shall be paid to the states, corporations and individuals. The Tsung-li Yamen shall be abol shed and it functions vested in a Foreign Minister. Rational intercourse shall be permitted with the Emperor as in civilized countries.

"The forts at Taku and other forts on the coast of Chi-li shall be razed, and the importation of arms and war material prohibited. Permanent legation guards shall be maintained and also guards of communication between Peking and the sea.

"Imperial proclamations shall be posted for two years throughout the empire suppressing Boxers.

The indemnity is to include compensation for Chinese who suffered through being employed by foreigners, but not compensation for native Christians. The words 'missionary' and 'Christians' do not occur in the note."

ALLIES DEMAND HEADS. NEW YORK, Nov. 11 .- A cable to

16th, via Taku, November 10th and Shanghai November 11th, says: Ministers, at their meeting Thursday, made substantial progress in formulating the demands that will be presented o the Chinese Government.

It is understood that the demands re based on the French note, but differ therefrom in some respects, besides ontaining some additional demands. For instance, the French note made no mention of the murder of Baron Von Ketteler, the German Minister, who certain that the demands to be presental will insist that proper reparation humiliation to give satisfaction to the impact the property. German Government. It will even be ther damage done. Duritig a period of suggested that a Prince of royal blood. November 9, said that as a result of the proceed to Germany and humiliate British representation to the St. Pehimself before Emperor William.

have discussed, in addition to the China be compelled to pay for actual Chinese Reformer Now In Tokio all expenses of the war and the expenses incurred in maintaining troops tion to the points said to be agreed uphere. Altogether this would probably make a bill of about \$600,000,000 for China to settle.

Foreign supervision of the revenues and guarantees for the payment of in- tention when the matter is taken up demnity were discussed, as was also with the Chinese envoys. One of these well known to Honolulu, and who is in the question of opening the whole councommand of the reform movement in try to trade. Protection of the misdonaries was also under consideration. left Tien-Tsin October 15 for Toklo. At but it is not known whether this will

The officials whose death are demanded are Princes Chuang, Tuan, Li dent funds to assist Dr. Sun Yat Sen Tsai Lien and Tsai Ying, and thirdgrade Princes Kang, Schiao, Sche- high Chinese quarters and its a tris-chuao and Tang Fu Hsiang. Duke ability is urged, because Peking at the Lam Sai, secretary of the Bow Wong Lan, Ying Teen and Yu Usien. These capital of the Chinese Empire is the months since for the scene of the trou- pire, and it is in their power to get the country. Another point which may be are the most powerful men in the emcourt completely in their grasp and to proposed is that capital punishment. he has seen them and tells of his render the Dowager Empress and Emperor helpless. Through General Tung occur in future by imperial edict alone, that Dr. Sun Yat Sen hopes to obtain Fu Hslang all the army is under their control. If Tung Fu Hstang sides with the Dowager Empress she can inflict ing an opportunity to be heard. This mately secure the upper hand there the punishment demanded, but he will certainly not support her if he knows necessary by the Boxer movement, takes charge of its affairs. This would that his own head will be offered to give the How Wongs authority in a the allies. If the demand for the deaths ed from the Viceroys of the Southern pivotal province and assist the cause of these officials takes the form of an of reform. Dr. Sun was competed to ultimatum the Dowager Empress will abandon the city of Wai-Chow which be placed in a most awkward position. The effect would be necessarily to prolong the negotiations unreasonably, the cause of reform and the Bow Wong with no certainty of ultimate success. On the other hand, if General Tung Fu Haining should not be condemned he would probably be willing to go to any length to set himself right with the powers, even to killing his compatriots. Whether or not this question will affect the determination of the Ministers to demand the death penalty remains to

ANOTHER PUNITIVE RAID.

PEKING, Nov. II. via Shanghal, Nov. 12 - Another small German expedition goes north to-morrow in spite of the fact that these punitive raids are strongly criticised here as serving no the Pifth Artillery, good purpose. The United States has thus with-

swever, that she will never return to

MINISTERS TOO ERVERS NEW YORK, Nov. 15 -- A dispatch to he Herald from Washington rays. Secretary Hay is much irrial door eports from Peking showing that the Ministers are determined to punish very influential Chinaman who they hink is responsible for the recent outages and showing also that the intemnity to be demanded will reach t600,000,000,000. The Secretary is anxious that the powers shall submit demands that can be accepted by China.

Officials at Washington hold that examples should be made only those conspicuously guilty and that the amount of indemnity should certainly be not more than \$200,000,000. It is pointed out that if all the leading men are sentenced to death they will in self-defense organize a resistance, which will necessitate further military operations, the end of which no one can foresee.

SCENES OF HORROR.

LONDON, Nov. 13 .- The Globe this afternoon publishes a letter from a Belgian gertleman who has been traveling to Peking via the Trans-Sberian railroad. He describes under date of September, 6th what he saw in the Amur river. His accounts surpass in horror those previously published.

"The scene I have witnessed during the three days since the steamer left Blagovetchensk," he says, "are horrible beyond the powers of description. It is the closing tableau of a fearful human tragedy. Two thousand were deliberately drowned at Morxo, 2,000 at Rabe and 8,000 around Blagovetchensk, a total of 12,000 corpses encumbering the river, among which there were thousands of women and children Navigation was all but impossible. Last week a boat had to plough her way through a tangled and mangled mass of corpses lashed together by their long hair. The banks were literally covered with corpses. In the curves of the stream were dark, putrid smelling masses of human flesh and bones, surging and swaying in the steamer's wake. The captain valuly ordered full speed ahead. The sight and smell will be ever with us.

"From Blagovetchensk to Aguin, 45 k'lometers, numerous villages studded he banks with a thriving industry Population of over 100,000. That of Aguin was 20,000. No one will ever cnow the number of those who perished by shot, sword and stream. A village is left. The s'lence of death was around us, the smoking ruins of Aguin, on the right, with broken-down, crumbling walls and shattered, roofless houses."

EXPLATORY MONUMENT.

BERLIN, Nov. 13 .-- A semi-official despatch from Peking dated Nov. 12, gives the text of the joint note of the powers to China, confirming the London Times despatch dated Peking. November 11. Among the additional stipulations the note requires China to erect explatory monuments in every the Sun from Peking, dated November foreign or international bur'al ground where graves have been profaned.

CHINESE ARSENAL CAPTURED. LONDON, Nov. 12 .- A special dispatch from Tien-Tsin dated November A force of Russians has captured the arsenal northeast of Tien-Tsin with trifling loss, killing 200 Chi-

ese and capturing a quantity of arms and treasure. BRITISH GET A RAILROAD.

TIEN-TSIN, (undated) via Shanghai, Nov. 13.-The Russians have ordered was killed by the Chinese. It is almost the foreigners in the railroad houses at Tong-ku to vacate the buildings and the Pritish have sent there a company be made for the murder, and that the of infantry and a hundred of Bombay Chinese perform a substantial act of cavalry, ordering these to remain and

A despatch from Tion-Tein dated It is understood that the Ministers handing over the railroad between have discussed, in addition to the Tong-ku and Peking to Field Marshal French note, the question of indem-Count von Waldersee, commander-in-lity. One suggestion made was that chief of the international forces, who will give it up to the British owners.

PEKING A TREATY PORT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 .- In addlon at Peking as a basis for settlement with China, as announced in cable despatches it is understood that several other points are likely to receive atis as to making the city of Peking an "open port" for while if not on the sea coast the purpose is to extend to it freedom of commerce and intercourse with foreigners which now applies only to those open ports designated by treaties with China. The suggestion that this action be taken has been mate in center of influence throughout the but only after a trial such as is given

by beheading or otherwise, shall not in civilized countries, the accused havdoes not apply to the executions made Official despatches have been requiv-

provinces of China, who thus far, have been more friendly to foreigners, statand also stating that they feared this would have a serious effect in those localities hitherto favorably disposed. The President and Secretary Hay are

anxiously awaiting the result of the deliberations of the Ministers. It is plain that the Ministers are not pleased over the developments of the last few days.

Lieutenant-General Miles, as Acting Secretary of War, will be advised of the departure for Manila of the last American troops, which were under or ders to leave China. The force now under General Chaffee consists of the Fourteenth Infantry, a squadron of the Sixth CavalryK and Battery F of

Reports of the death of the Downger drawn its trooph after the necessity Empress are persistent, though there is for their presence has passed. At the no official confirmation of them, com- same time the protection of American munication with the court being very interests and the American Legation is irregular. There is a growing belief, assured by the maintenance of a guard

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Humor -- " When I need a blood puri fier I take Theat's Sarsapardia. It cores my humor and is excellent as a nerve " Insie Esten, Stafford Springs, Ct. Hood's Sarsaparilla Section and the second

of nineteen hundred men. Minister Wu is anxious that this force shall be further reduced and Secretary Hay has announced his willingness, provided other nations withdraw.

THE DOWAGER'S REVENGE. BERLIN, Nov. 12 .- The Lokal Anselger publishes the following from its Shanghal correspondents: from Hankow say that the Empress beheaded a number of telegraph officials who accepted a secret message from Emperor Kwang Hsu to Count von Waldersee informing him that he (the Emperor) was being kept a prisoner and was unable to return to Peking. They also say that other executions occurred in connection with the

## **CHINESE POLICY OF** THE GOVERNMENT

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 .- A cabinet officer especially close to the President is quoted in a Washington dispatch to the Herald as saying:

"The Chinese question in all its phases was discussed by the cabinet and it was determined to follow the same policy hitherto observed. The United States will join no power or group of lowers, but will act concurrently with for any consequences arising there all, if it deems it desirable in the interest of harmony and the attainment of the principles to which it is pledged. though it will preserve its time-honored course of independence of action."

Mr. Wu, Chinese minister, said last light that there could be no doubt of China's purpose to pay the indemnity the powers would demand.

"Where there's a will," he said, there's a way, and China has the

Regarding the objection to the proposi-tion that China should increase her im-port duties, it being urged that the for-clarers would then pay the indemnity, he

That is a great mistake. The proposition to increase the tariff was first made about five years are. What we call the lkin tay at every barrier, is very annovng to the foreign merchants and they have advocated that a proper increase in the tariff be made and the interior tax be abelished. It would be to the advantage of both China and foreign nations if the tax were to be increased and the light that are confident of her ability to pay a reasonable indensity within casonable indemnity within a time satis factory to the powers."

WANT THE OPEN DOOR.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.-Forty-five cot ton mill owners in the South, fearing that the recent war will seriously change the British representation Russia is only the recent war will seriously tersburg government Russia is only trade conditions between this country and trade conditions between this country and

possession of Manchuria and will impose such heavy duties on American goods as to render a witndrawal of American interests from that country necessary.

The petition expresses approval of the "open door" policy and expresses the hope that the administration will take such action as it may deem proper to mrintain the protection and perpetuity of the exising commercial relations with China, especially as regards Manchuria. Tals petition is signed by eighteen mill owners in North Carolina, twenty-one in South Carolina, four in Alabama, one in Georin North Carolina, twenty-one in South Carolina, four in Alabama, one in Geor-gia and one in Maryland. The total cap-ital invested in their mills is \$14,364,560. The total number of looms is \$1,089 and the total number of spindles is 1,072,651. ...

Miners in Nome are hiding their gold because they are afraid the courts will send receivers after it. The beach is deserted, and the litigation over The beach is jumpers' titles is ruining the place.

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phoehoe and Hilo.

Returning, will sail from Hilo on Fridays at 10 a.m., for above named ports, arriving at Honolulu on Saturdays.

#### S. S. CLAUDINE,

McDonald, master, will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 5 p. m., touching at Lahaina, Kahului, Nahiku, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, touches at above named ports, arriving at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each month.

S. S. LEHUA,

Sails every Monday for Kaunakakai, Kamalo, Maunalel, Kalausapa, Lahai-na, Honolua, Olowalu. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Saturday mornings.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departurs and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible Consignees must be at the landings

to receive their freight; this company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed. Live stock received only at owner's risk.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of pursers. Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those fail-ing to do so will be subject to an ad-

The company will not be liable for loss of, nor injury to, nor delay in, the delivery of bagging or personal effects of the passengers or freight of shippers beyond the amount of \$100, unless the value of the same be desired when revalue of the same be declared when received by the company and an extra charge be made therefor, at or before the issue of the ticket, and freight is paid thereon.

All employes of the company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the company, and which may be seen by shippers upon application to the pursers of the company's steamers.
Shippers are notified that if freight is

shipped without such receipt it will be solely at the risk of the shipper.

C. L. WIGHT, President Port Superintendent.

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Fifteen cents, it will pay 221/2 per cent annually. Twenty cents, it will pay 30 per cent Thirty cents, it will pay 45 per cent

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ing that they were shocked by the ex-ecution of the acting viceroy of Chi-li on or about the dates below mentioned:

For Japan and China. For San Francisco.

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